## COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF MARROW CELLUTIONS AND THE BMAC® HARVEST®/TERUMO® SYSTEM

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### INTRODUCTION

Research has demonstrated that the number of fibroblast-like colony forming units (CFU-f) in a graft is positively correlated with clinical outcomes. [2,3]. Cells capable of forming a CFU-f are found in marrow but not in blood and therefore are an indication of the number of early stage stem and progenitor cells present in a biologic. Several systems are available for harvesting autologous bone marrow aspirate and optionally centrifuging it to further concentrate cells, via volume reduction, to treat local bone defects [1,2,3].

### OBJECTIVE

Previous published research demonstrated that Harvest SmartPrep<sup>®</sup> (Terumo) Bone Marrow Aspirate Concentrate system (BMAC<sup>®</sup>) was superior to the Biomet GPS and the Arteriocyte Magellan marrow concentration systems. [4]. This study was designed to compare the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> system to the Harvest<sup>®</sup> SmartPrep<sup>®</sup> (Terumo) BMAC<sup>®</sup> system.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

Five sets of bone marrow aspirate samples were collected during spine surgery from bilateral iliac crest draw with the BMAC system and the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> System, each being randomly assigned to one iliac crest. All bone marrow aspirates (BMA) were processed in operating room during surgery and samples arrived at the lab within 24 hrs of collection. The BMA was processed according to the manufacturer's most recent instructions, including published and unpublished protocols. For each sample, a total nucleated cell (TNC) count and CFU-f count was conducted at two separate laboratories, (Franciscan University, Steubenville, OH and BSR Laboratories, Cambridge, MA) with the higher value from each laboratory used in the analysis. Redundant testing was performed to ensure bias due to shipping or handling of the samples was minimized.

#### RESULTS Processing Time

The Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> System requires approximately 1.5 minutes to obtain 8 to 10 mL of bone marrow aspirate from a single entry. The biologic never leaves the sterile field, the entire sample is used, no manipulation (e.g., filtering) is required, and no extra anti-coagulation is needed.

In this case series, the Harvest/Terumo SmartPrep System for bone marrow aspirate concentrate (BMAC<sup>®</sup>) required approximately 3 minutes per patient to aspirate. To obtain the required volume, the needle was removed from the body after the initial insertion and aspiration of 20 mL, the stylet was put back into the needle which was then re-directed in the body to aspirate an additional 20 mL from two additional locations, for a total aspirate volume of 60 mL. The Harvest/Terumo SmartPrep System for bone marrow aspiration concentrate (BMAC<sup>®</sup>) requires 2-3 minutes of technician setup time, and 14 minutes of centrifugation time that is conducted outside the sterile field, for a total processing time, including aspiration, of approximately 20 minutes.

## Analysis of BMA and BMAC

**Table 1.** Five donors with bilateral bone marrow aspiration. Each system was evaluated on each donor and samples of the bone marrow were sent to two laboratories for analysis. The mean fibroblast-like colony forming unit (CFU-f) was 1,697.8 /mL (Marrow CellutionTM System); 216.75/mL (Harvest/Terumo BMA), and 835/mL (Harvest Terumo BMAC). The mean total nucleated cell count (TNC) was 32.72 x 106 /mL (Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> System), 20.06 x 106 /mL (Harvest/Terumo BMA), and 67.5 x 106 /mL (Harvest/Terumo BMAC).

The percent of cells alive upon arrival at the lab for both the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> and Harvest aspirates was approximately 99% after 24 hours. This compares to the centrifuged product (BMAC) where the percent of cells alive dropped to approximately 94%. This increased rate of cell apoptosis raises the concern that the additional stress from the centrifugation steps (BMAC) may lead to increased rate of cell apoptosis and may have damaged the remaining 94% of viable cells.

| Description         | TNC (millions)                                                              | CFU-f                                       |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|                     |                                                                             |                                             |
| Marrow Cellution™   | 32.72                                                                       | 1,697.8                                     |
| Harvest Aspirate    | 20.06                                                                       | 216.75                                      |
| Harvest Concentrate | 67.5                                                                        | 835                                         |
|                     | Description<br>Marrow Cellution™<br>Harvest Aspirate<br>Harvest Concentrate | Marrow Cellution™32.72Harvest Aspirate20.06 |

Complete data available in Appendix

## ADDITIONAL TEST:

## Comparison of Withdrawal Technique Using a Traditional Needle

The draw technique using the traditional needle was adjusted to only aspirate 5mL using a 10mL syringe to determine if a similar result to the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> needle could be obtained. The traditional needle was rotated and pulled back from the medullary space while small aliquots of 1mL was aspirated from differing locations for a total of a 5mL aspirate. This was then compared to the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> needle which was used to draw 8mL from the opposite hip. The traditional needle had a TNC count of 26.5 X 10^6 / mL and the CFU-f count was 292 / mL. This compared to the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> needle from the opposite hip with a TNC of 20.5 X 10^6 and a CFU-f count of 1,500 / mL. The result from the traditional needle is consistent with the work of Hernigou (5) who demonstrated across a sample size of 30 using a 10 mL syringe to aspirate 10 mL of volume that the average TNC count was 20.2 X 10^6 / mL and the average CFU-f count was 376 / mL. The result from the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> needle was consistent with the work of Scarpone (6) who reported in a series of 13 consecutive patients TNC count of 32.2 X 10^6 / mL and 3,290 CFU-f / mL in a 9 mL aspirate from the Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> needle. (6)

# CONCLUSIONS

- The Marrow Cellution aspiration system had over two times as many CFU-f per mL as compared to the Harvest/Terumo bone marrow concentrate (BMAC).
- The Marrow Cellution System had significantly less contaminating peripheral blood compared to the Harvest/Terumo bone marrow concentrate system as indicated by the higher ratio of CFU-f to nucleated cells. The Marrow Cellution™ aspiration system had over twice as many CFUf and only approximately half as many nucleated cells as compared to the Harvest/Terumo bone marrow concentrate.

- § The Marrow Cellution System required significantly less preparation time compared to the Harvest/Terumo bone marrow concentrate (BMAC) system.
- The Marrow Cellution System required significantly less aspirate (8mL compared to 60mL) compared to the Harvest/Terumo System bone marrow concentrate (BMAC).
- The Marrow Cellution System did not require additional manipulative steps outside the sterile field compared to the Harvest/Terumo System bone marrow concentrate (BMAC) system.
- Traditional needle could not replicate cellularity of Marrow Cellution<sup>™</sup> needle when used in a similar fashion of withdrawing the needle and aspirating small aliquots of bone marrow from different locations.

|                                  | Marrow<br>Cellution™ | Harvest<br>BMAC <sup>®</sup> |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Aspiration<br>Volume             | ≈7-10mL              | ≈60mL                        |
| Final Volume                     | ≈7-10mL (no change)  | ≈7 mL                        |
| Aspiration Sites                 | 1                    | 3                            |
| Aspiration time                  | 1-2 Minutes          | 3-5 Minutes                  |
| Manipulated off<br>sterile field | NO                   | YES                          |
| Processing Time                  | 0 Minutes            | 17 Minutes                   |
| CFU-f/TNC                        | 51.89                | 12.37                        |
| Avg. CFU-f<br>Concentration      | 1,697.8 per mL       | 835 per mL                   |

## REFERENCES

- 1. Connolly J. et al. JBJS 1989;71: 684-91.
- 2. Hernigou P. et al. JBJS 2006; 88 Suppl 1: 322-27.
- 3. Hernigou P. et al. JBJS 2005; 87: 1430-7.
- 4. Hedge V. et al. Journal of Orthopedic Trauma 2014; vol 28; issue 10; p 591-598
- 5. Hernigou P. et. al. Intl. Orthop. 2013; 11: 2279-87.
- 6. Scarpone M. et. Al. Annual Orthopedic Update; Allegheny Health Network. April 2016

# Appendix: Table 1

| Sample #                      | Description                                                 | TNC<br>(millions)      | CFU-f                    |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1                             | Marrow Cellution                                            | 31.2                   | 1,278                    |
| 1                             | Harvest Aspirate                                            | 14.9                   | 200                      |
| 1                             | Harvest Concentrate                                         | 57.2                   | 1,312                    |
| 2                             | Marrow Cellution                                            | 55                     | 2,915                    |
| 2                             | Harvest Aspirate                                            | 29.1                   | **                       |
| 2                             | Harvest Concentrate                                         | 96                     | 1,248                    |
| 3                             | Marrow Cellution                                            | 16.6                   | 600                      |
| 3                             | Harvest Aspirate                                            | 8.8                    | 100                      |
| 3                             | Harvest Concentrate                                         | 40.3                   | 232                      |
| 4                             | Marrow Cellution                                            | 30                     | 1,496                    |
| 4                             | Harvest Aspirate                                            | 23.8                   | 167                      |
| 4                             | Harvest Concentrate                                         | 72.5                   | 883                      |
| 5                             | Marrow Cellution                                            | 30.8                   | 2,200                    |
| 5                             | Harvest Aspirate                                            | 23.7                   | 400                      |
| 5                             | Harvest Concentrate                                         | 71.5                   | 500                      |
| Average<br>Average<br>Average | Marrow Cellution<br>Harvest Aspirate<br>Harvest Concentrate | 32.72<br>20.06<br>67.5 | 1,697.8<br>216.75<br>835 |

\*\* Neither lab performed a CFU-f count on the Harvest Aspirate for Sample 2